# ERDRC'S NTA-UGC-NET/SET EDUCATION

PAPER-2

Compiled and Edited by

Educational Research Development & Review Committee



(Publisher and Book-seller)
25B, Beniatola Lane
Kolkata - 700 009

### **SYLLABUS**

## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION NET BUREAU Subjects EDUCATION (Code No. 00)

Subject: EDUCATION (Code No. 09)

### **Unit 1: EDUCATIONAL STUDIES**

- (a) Contribution of Indian Schools of philosophy (Sankhya Yoga, Vedanta, Buddhism, Jainism) with special reference to Vidya, Dayanand Darshan; and Islamic traditions towards educational aims and methods of acquiring valid knowledge.
- (b) Contribution of Western schools of thoughts (Idealism, Realism, Naturalism, Pragmatism, Marxism, Existentialism) and their contribution to Education with special reference to information, knowledge and wisdom.
- (c) Approaches to Sociology of Education (symbolic Interaction, Structural Functionalism and Conflict Theory). Concept and types of social Institutions and their functions (family, school and society), Concept of Social Movements, Theories of Social Movements (Relative Deprivation, Resource Mobilization, Political Process Theory and New Social Movement Theory).
- (d) Socialization and education—education and culture; Contribution of thinkers (Swami Vivekananda, Rabindranath Tagore, Mahatma Gandhi, Aurobindo, J. Krishnamurthy, Paulo Freire, Wollstonecraft, Nel Noddings and Savitribai Phule) to the development of educational thought for social change, National Values as enshrined in the Indian Constitution-Socialism, Secularism, justice, liberty, democracy, equality, freedom with special reference to education.

### Unit 2: HISTORY, POLITICS AND ECONOMICS OF EDUCATION

- (a) Committees and Commissions' Contribution to Teacher Education Secondary Education Commission (1953), Kothari Education Commission (1964-66), National Policy of Education (1986,1992), National Commission on Teachers (1999), National Curriculum Framework 2005, National Knowledge Commission (2007), Yashpal Committee Report (2009), National Curriculum Framework for Teacher Education (2009), Justice Verma Committee Report (2012).
- (b) Relationship between Policies and Education, Linkage between Educational Policy and National Development, Determinants of Educational Policy and Process of Policy formulation: Analysis of the existing situation, generation of policy options, evaluation of policy options, making the policy decision, planning of policy implementation, policy impact assessment and subsequent policy cycles.
- (c) Concept of Economics of Education: Cost Benefit Analysis Vs Cost Effective Analysis in Education, Economic returns to Higher Education Signaling Theory Vs Human Capital Theory, Concept of Educational Finance; Educational finance at Micro and Macro Levels, Concept of Budgeting.
- (d) Relationship Between Politics and Education, Perspectives of Politics of Education Liberal, Conservative and Critical, Approaches to understanding Politics (Behaviouralism, Theory of Systems Analysis and Theory of Rational Choice), Education for Political Development and Political Socialization.

### **Unit 3: LEARNER AND LEARNING PROCESS**

- (a) Growth and Development: Concept and principles, Cognitive Processes and stages of Cognitive Development, Personality: Definitions and theories (Freud, Carl Rogers, Gordon Allport, Max Wertheimer, Kurt Koffka), Mental health and Mental hygiene.
- (b) Approaches to Intelligence from Unitary to Multiple: Concepts of Social intelligence, multiple intelligence, emotional intelligence Theories of Intelligence by Sternberg, Gardner, Assessment of Intelligence, Concepts of Problem Solving, Critical thinking, Metacognition and Creativity.
- (c) Principles and Theories of learning: Behaviouristic, Cognitive and Social theories of learning, Factors affecting social learning, social competence, Concept of social cognition, understanding social relationship and socialization goals.
- (d) Guidance and Counselling: Nature, Principles and Need, Types of guidance (educational, vocational, personal, health and social & Directive, Non-directive and Eclectic), Approaches to counselling—Cognitive-Behavioural (Albert Ellis—REBT) & Humanistic, Person-centred Counselling (Carl Rogers)—Theories of Counselling (Behaviouristic, Rational, Emotive and Reality)

### **Unit 4: TEACHER EDUCATION**

- (a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of Teacher Education; Types of Teacher Education Programs, The Structure of Teacher Education Curriculum and its Vision in Curriculum Documents of NCERT and NCTE at Elementary, Secondary and Higher Secondary Levels, Organization of Components of Pre-service Teacher Education Transactional Approaches (for foundation courses) Expository, Collaborative and Experiential learning
- (b) Understanding Knowledge base of Teacher Education from the view point of Schulman, Deng and Luke & Habermas, Meaning of Reflective Teaching and Strategies for Promoting Reflective Teaching, Models of Teacher Education—Behaviouristic, Competency-based and Inquiry Oriented Teacher Education Models
- (c) Concept, Need, Purpose and Scope of In-service Teacher Education, Organization and Modes of In-service Teacher Education, Agencies and Institutions of In-service Teacher Education at District, State and National Levels (SSA, RMSA, SCERT, NCERT, NCTE and UGC), Preliminary Consideration in Planning in-service teacher education programme (Purpose, Duration, Resources and Budget)
- (d) Concept of Profession and Professionalism, Teaching as a Profession, Professional Ethics of Teachers, Personal and Contextual factors affecting Teacher Development, ICT Integration, Quality Enhancement for Professionalization of Teacher Education, Innovation in Teacher Education.

### **Unit 5: CURRICULUM STUDIES**

- (a) Concept and Principles of Curriculum, Strategies of Curriculum Development, Stages in the Process of Curriculum development, Foundations of Curriculum Planning - Philosophical Bases (National, democratic), Sociological basis (socio-cultural reconstruction), Psychological Bases (learner's needs and interests), Bench marking and Role of National level Statutory Bodies-UGC, NCTE and University in Curriculum Development.
- (b) Models of Curriculum Design: Traditional and Contemporary Models (Academic / Discipline Based Model, Competency Based Model, Social Functions / Activities Model [social reconstruction], Individual Needs & Interests Model, Outcome Based Integrative Model, Intervention Model, C I P P Model (Context, Input, Process, Product Model).
- (c) Instructional System, Instructional Media, Instructional Techniques and Material in enhancing curriculum Transaction, Approaches to Evaluation of Curriculum: Approaches to Curriculum and Instruction (Academic and Competency Based Approaches), Models of Curriculum Evaluation: Tyler's Model, Stakes' Model, Scriven's Model, Kirkpatrick's Model
- (d) Meaning and types of Curriculum change, Factors affecting curriculum change, Approaches to curriculum change, Role of students, teachers and educational administrators in curriculum change and improvement, Scope of curriculum research and Types of Research in Curriculum Studies

### **Unit 6: RESEARCH IN EDUCATION**

- (a) Meaning and Scope of Educational Research, Meaning and steps of Scientific Method, Characteristics of Scientific Method (Replicability, Precision, Falsifiability and Parsimony), Types of Scientific Method (Exploratory, Explanatory and Descriptive), Aims of research as a scientific activity: Problem-solving, Theory Building and Prediction, Types of research (Fundamental, Applied and Action), Approaches to educational research (Quantitative and Qualitative), Designs in educational research (Descriptive, Experimental and Historical).
- (b) Variables: Meaning of Concepts, Constructs and Variables, Types of Variables (Independent, Dependent, Extraneous, Intervening and Moderator), Hypotheses—Concept, Sources, Types (Research, Directional, Non-directional, Null), Formulating Hypothesis, Characteristics of a good hypothesis, Steps of Writing a Research Proposal, Concept of Universe and Sample, Characteristics of a good Sample, Techniques of Sampling (Probability and Non-probability Sampling), Tools of Research—Validity, Reliability and Standardisation of a Tool, Types of Tools (Rating scale, Attitude scale, Questionnaire, Aptitude test and Achievement Test, Inventory), Techniques of Research (Observation, Interview and Projective Techniques)
- (c) Types of Measurement Scale (Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio), Quantitative Data Analysis—Descriptive data analysis (Measures of central tendency, variability, fiduciary limits and graphical presentation of data), Testing of Hypothesis (Type I and Type II Errors), Levels of Significance, Power of a statistical test and effect size, Parametric Techniques, Non-Parametric Techniques, Conditions to be satisfied for using parametric techniques, Inferential data analysis, Use and Interpretation of statistical techniques: Correlation, t-test, z-test, ANOVA, chi-square (Equal Probability and Normal Probability Hypothesis). Qualitative Data Analysis—Data Reduction and Classification, Analytical Induction and Constant Comparison, Concept of Triangulation.
- (d) Qualitative Research Designs: Grounded Theory Designs (Types, characteristics, designs, Steps in conducting a GT research, Strengths and Weakness of GT)—Narrative Research Designs (Meaning and key Characteristics, Steps in conducting NR design), Case Study (Meaning, Characteristics, Components of a CS design, Types of CS design, Steps of conducting a CS research, Strengths and weaknesses), Ethnography (Meaning, Characteristics, Underlying assumptions, Steps of conducting ethnographic research, Writing ethnographic account, Strengths and weaknesses), Mixed Method Designs: Characteristics, Types of MM designs (Triangulation, explanatory and exploratory designs), Steps in conducting a MM designs, Strengths and weakness of MM research.

### Unit 7: PEDAGOGY, ANDRAGOGY AND ASSESSMENT

- (a) Pedagogy, Pedagogical Analysis—Concept and Stages, Critical Pedagogy—Meaning, Need and its implications in Teacher Education, Organizing Teaching: Memory Level (Herbartian Model), Understanding Level (Morrison teaching Model), Reflective Level (Bigge and Hunt teaching Model), Concept of Andragogy in Education: Meaning, Principles, Competencies of Self-directed Learning, Theory of Andragogy (Malcolm Knowles), The Dynamic Model of Learner Autonomy.
- (b) Assessment—Meaning, nature, perspectives (assessment for Learning, assessment of learning and Assessment of Learning)— Types of Assessment (Placement, formative, diagnostic, summative) Relations between objectives and outcomes, Assessment of Cognitive (Anderson and Krathwohl), Affective (Krathwohl) and psychomotor domains (R.H. Dave) of learning.
- (c) Assessment in Pedagogy of Education: Feedback Devices: Meaning, Types, Criteria, Guidance as a Feedback Devices: Assessment of Portfolios, Reflective Journal, Field Engagement using Rubrics, Competency Based Evaluation, Assessment of Teacher Prepared ICT Resources.
- (d) Assessment in Andragogy of Education—Interaction Analysis: Flanders' Interaction analysis, Galloway's system of interaction analysis (Recording of Classroom Events, Construction and Interpretation of Interaction Matrix), Criteria for teacher evaluation (Product, Process and Presage criteria, Rubrics for Self and Peer evaluation (Meaning, steps of construction).

### **Unit 8: TECHNOLOGY IN/ FOR EDUCATION**

(a) Concept of Educational Technology (ET) as a Discipline: (Information Technology, Communication Technology & Information and Communication Technology (ICT) and Instructional Technology, Applications of Educational Technology in formal, non formal (Open and Distance Learning), informal and inclusive education systems, Overview of Behaviourist, Cognitive and Constructivist Theories and their implications to Instructional Design (Skinner, Piaget, Ausubel, Bruner, Vygotsky), Relationship between Learning Theories and Instructional Strategies (for large and small groups, formal and non formal groups)

- (b) Systems Approach to Instructional Design, Models of Development of Instructional Design (ADDIE, ASSURE, Dick and Carey Model Mason's), Gagne's Nine Events of Instruction and Five E's of Constructivism, Nine Elements of Constructivist Instructional Design, Application of Computers in Education: CAI, CAL, CBT, CML, Concept, Process of preparing ODLM, Concept of e learning, Approaches to e-learning (Offline, Online, Synchronous, Asynchronous, Blended learning, mobile learning)
- (c) Emerging Trends in e learning: Social learning (concept, use of web 2.0 tools for learning, social networking sites, blogs, chats, video conferencing, discussion forum), Open Education Resources (Creative Common, Massive Open Online Courses; Concept and application), E Inclusion—Concept of E Inclusion, Application of Assistive technology in E learning, Quality of E Learning—Measuring quality of system: Information, System, Service, User Satisfaction and Net Benefits (D&M IS Success Model, 2003), Ethical Issues for E Learner and E Teacher—Teaching, Learning and Research.
- (d) Use of ICT in Evaluation, Administration and Research: E portfolios, ICT for Research—Online Repositories and Online Libraries, Online and Offline assessment tools (Online survey tools or test generators)—Concept and Development.

### Unit 9: EDUCATIONAL MANAGEMENT, ADMINISTRATION AND LEADERSHIP

- (a) Educational Management and Administration Meaning, Principles, Functions and importance, Institutional building, POSDCORB, CPM, PERT, Management as a system, SWOT analysis, Taylorism, Administration as a process, Administration as a bureaucracy, Human relations approach to Administration, Organisational compliance, Organisational development, Organisational climate.
- (b) Leadership in Educational Administration: Meaning and Nature, Approaches to leadership: Trait, Transformational, Transactional, Value based, Cultural, Psychodynamic and Charismatic, Models of Leadership (Blake and Mouton's Managerial Grid, Fiedler's Contingency Model, Tri-dimensional Model, Hersey and Blanchard's Model, Leader-Member Exchange Theory).
- (c) Concept of Quality and Quality in Education: Indian and International perspective, Evolution of Quality: Inspection, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Total Quality Management (TQM), Six sigma, Quality Gurus: Walter Shewart, Edward Deming, C.K Pralhad.
- (d) Change Management: Meaning, Need for Planned change, Three-Step-Model of Change (Unfreezing, Moving, Refreezing), The Japanese Models of Change: Just-in-Time, Poka yoke, Cost of Quality: Appraisal Costs, Failure costs and Preventable costs, Cost Benefit Analysis, Cost Effective Analysis, Indian and International Quality Assurance Agencies: Objectives, Functions, Roles and Initiatives (National Assessment Accreditation Council [NAAC], Performance Indicators, Quality Council of India [QCI], International Network for Quality Assurance Agencies in Higher Education [INQAAHE].

### **Unit 10: INCLUSIVE EDUCATION**

- (a) Inclusive Education: Concept, Principles, Scope and Target Groups (Diverse learners; Including Marginalized group and Learners with Disabilities), Evolution of the Philosophy of Inclusive Education: Special, Integrated, Inclusive Education, Legal Provisions: Policies and Legislations (National Policy of Education (1986), Programme of Action of Action (1992), Persons with Disabilities Act (1995), National Policy of Disabilities (2006), National Curriculum Framework (2005), Concession and Facilities to Diverse Learners (Academic and Financial), Rehabilitation Council of India Act (1992), Inclusive Education under Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA), Features of UNCRPD (United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities) and its Implication.
- (b) Concept of Impairment, Disability and Handicap, Classification of Disabilities based on ICF Model, Readiness of School and Models of Inclusion, Prevalence, Types, Characteristics and Educational Needs of Diverse learners' Intellectual, Physical and Multiple Disabilities, Causes and prevention of disabilities, Identification of Diverse Learners for Inclusion, Educational Evaluation Methods, Techniques and Tools.
- (c) Planning and Management of Inclusive Classrooms: Infrastructure, Human Resource and Instructional Practices, Curriculum and Curricular Adaptations for Diverse Learners, Assistive and Adaptive Technology for Diverse learners: Product (Aids and Appliances) and Process (Individualized Education Plan, Remedial Teaching), Parent-Professional Partnership: Role of Parents, Peers, Professionals, Teachers, School.
- (d) Barriers and Facilitators in Inclusive Education: Attitude, Social and Educational, Current Status and Ethical Issues of inclusive education in India, Research Trends of Inclusive Education in India.

## CONTENTS

1. EDUCATIONAL STUDIES 1-119	1A.7.6. Vedanta Philosophy and Education 18
1A. INDIAN SCHOOL OF PHILOSOPHY 1-28	1A.7.7. Significance of Vedanta Philosophy 18
1A.1. PHILOSOPHY 1	1A.8. BUDDHISM 19
1A.1.1. Meaning of Philosophy 1	1A.8.1. Meaning of Buddhism 19
1A.1.2. Nature and Characteristics of Philosophy 1	1A.8.2. Forms of Buddhism 19
1A.1.3. Subject Matter of Philosophy 1	1A.8.3. Characteristics of Buddhism 19
1A.1.4. Effect of Philosophy on Education 2	1A.8.4. Four Noble Truth & Twelve Nidans of Buddhism 20
ž - v	1A.8.5. Astangik Marg or Eight Fold Path of Buddhism 20
1A.2. PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATION 2	1A.8.6. Triratna and Tripitaka of Buddhism 21
1A.2.1. Meaning of Philosophy of Education 2	1A.8.7. Basic Tenets of Buddhism 21
1A.2.2. Nature & Characteristics of Philosophy of Education 3	1A.8.8. Buddhist Education 22
1A.2.3. Functions of Philosophy of Education 3 1A.2.4. Importance of Philosophy of Education 3	1A.8.9. Significance of Buddhism 22
	1A.9. JAINISM 23
1A.3. EDUCATIONAL PHILOSOPHY 4	1A.9.1. Meaning of Jainism 23
1A.3.1. Meaning of Educational Philosophy 4	1A.9.2. Forms of Jainism 23
1A.3.2. Objectives of Educational Philosophy 4	1A.9.3. Characteristics of Jainism 23
1A.3.3. Importance of Educational Philosophy 4	1A.9.4. Knowledge in Jainism 24
1A.4. INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN PHILOSOPHY 5	1A.9.5. Basic Tenets of Jainism 24
1A.4.1. Meaning of Indian Philosophy 5	1A.9.6. Seven Fold-Judgement of Truth of Jainism 24
1A.4.2. Salient Features of Indian Philosophy 5	1A.9.7. Triratna and Panchabrata of Jainism 25
1A.4.3. Classification of Indian Philosophy 7	1A.9.8. Jaina Education 25
1A.5. SAMKHYA PHILOSOPHY 7	1A.9.9. Significance of Jainism 26
1A.5.1. Meaning of Samkhya Philosophy 7	1A.10. ISLAMIC PHILOSOPHY 26
1A.5.2. Characteristics of Samkhya Philosophy 7	1A.10.1. Meaning of Islamic Philosophy 26
1A.5.3. Nature of Duality 8	1A.10.2. Characteristics of Islamic Philosophy 26
1A.5.4. Theory of Existence 8	1A.10.3. Basic Tenets of Islamic Philosophy 26
1A.5.5. Epistemology of Samkhya Philosophy 8	1A.10.4. Islamic Education 27
1A.5.6. Metaphysics of Samkhya Philosophy 8	1A.10.5. Significance of Islamic Philosophy 28
1A.5.7. Axiology and Ethics of Samkhya Philosophy 9	MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 29-37
1A.5.8. Samkhya Philosophy and Education 9	1B. WESTERN SCHOOL OF PHILOSOPHY 38-51
1A.5.9. Significance of Samkhya Philosophy 11	
	1 1D 1 1 3 6 1 C 117 . D111 1 20
1A.6. YOGA PHILOSOPHY 11	1B.1.1. Meaning of Western Philosophy 38
	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38
1A.6. YOGA PHILOSOPHY 11 1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13 1A.6.9. Astanga Yoga 14	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40 1B.2.5. Idealism and Education 40
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13 1A.6.9. Astanga Yoga 14 1A.6.10. Yoga Philosophy and Education 15	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40 1B.2.5. Idealism and Education 40 1B.2.6. Significance of Idealism 41
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13 1A.6.9. Astanga Yoga 14	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40 1B.2.5. Idealism and Education 40 1B.2.6. Significance of Idealism 41 1B.3. NATURALISM 41
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13 1A.6.9. Astanga Yoga 14 1A.6.10. Yoga Philosophy and Education 15 1A.6.11. Significance of Yoga Philosophy 15 1A.7. VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY 16	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40 1B.2.5. Idealism and Education 40 1B.2.6. Significance of Idealism 41 1B.3. NATURALISM 41 1B.3.1. Meaning of Naturalism 41
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13 1A.6.9. Astanga Yoga 14 1A.6.10. Yoga Philosophy and Education 15 1A.6.11. Significance of Yoga Philosophy 15 1A.7. VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY 16 1A.7.1. Meaning of Vedanta Philosophy 16	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40 1B.2.5. Idealism and Education 40 1B.2.6. Significance of Idealism 41 1B.3. NATURALISM 41 1B.3.1. Meaning of Naturalism 41 1B.3.2. Chief Exponents of Naturalism 41
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13 1A.6.9. Astanga Yoga 14 1A.6.10. Yoga Philosophy and Education 15 1A.6.11. Significance of Yoga Philosophy 15 1A.7. VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY 16 1A.7.1. Meaning of Vedanta Philosophy 16 1A.7.2. Characteristics of Vedanta Philosophy 16	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40 1B.2.5. Idealism and Education 40 1B.2.6. Significance of Idealism 41 1B.3. NATURALISM 41 1B.3.1. Meaning of Naturalism 41 1B.3.2. Chief Exponents of Naturalism 41 1B.3.3. Basic Tents of Naturalism 41
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13 1A.6.9. Astanga Yoga 14 1A.6.10. Yoga Philosophy and Education 15 1A.6.11. Significance of Yoga Philosophy 15 1A.7. VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY 16 1A.7.1. Meaning of Vedanta Philosophy 16 1A.7.2. Characteristics of Vedanta Philosophy 16 1A.7.3. Epistemology of Vedanta Philosophy 17	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40 1B.2.5. Idealism and Education 40 1B.2.6. Significance of Idealism 41 1B.3. NATURALISM 41 1B.3.1. Meaning of Naturalism 41 1B.3.2. Chief Exponents of Naturalism 41 1B.3.3. Basic Tents of Naturalism 41 1B.3.4. Forms of Naturalism 41
1A.6.1. Meaning of Yoga Philosophy 11 1A.6.2. Characteristics of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.3. Branches of Yoga 12 1A.6.4. Types of Yoga 12 1A.6.5. Epistemology of Yoga Philosophy 12 1A.6.6. Metaphysics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.7. Axiology and Ethics of Yoga Philosophy 13 1A.6.8. Yogic Psychology 13 1A.6.9. Astanga Yoga 14 1A.6.10. Yoga Philosophy and Education 15 1A.6.11. Significance of Yoga Philosophy 15 1A.7. VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY 16 1A.7.1. Meaning of Vedanta Philosophy 16 1A.7.2. Characteristics of Vedanta Philosophy 16	1B.1.2. Development of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.3. Salient Features of Western Philosophy 38 1B.1.4. Difference between Indian & Western Philosophy 39 1B.2. IDEALISM 39 1B.2.1. Meaning of Idealism 39 1B.2.2. Chief Exponents of Idealism 39 1B.2.3. Basic Tents of Idealism 39 1B.2.4. Forms of Idealism 40 1B.2.5. Idealism and Education 40 1B.2.6. Significance of Idealism 41 1B.3. NATURALISM 41 1B.3.1. Meaning of Naturalism 41 1B.3.2. Chief Exponents of Naturalism 41 1B.3.3. Basic Tents of Naturalism 41

1B.4.1. 1B.4.2. 1B.4.3. 1B.4.4. 1B.4.5. 1B.5.1. 1B.5.2. 1B.5.3. 1B.5.4. 1B.5.5. 1B.5.6.	PRAGMATISM 43 Meaning of Pragmatism 43 Chief Exponents of Pragmatism 43 Basic Tenets of Pragmatism 43 Forms of Pragmatism 43 Pragmatism and Education 43 Significance of Pragmatism 44 REALISM 45 Meaning of Realism 45 Chief Exponents of Realism 45 Basic Tenets of Realism 45 Forms of Realism 45 Realism and Education 46 Significance of Realism 46 MARXISM 47 Meaning of Marxism 47	1C.6.1. 1C.6.2. 1C.6.3. 1C.6.4. 1C.7. 1C.7.1. 1C.7.2. 1C.7.3. 1C.7.4. 1C.7.5. 1C.7.6. 1C.8.1.	SOCIAL MOVEMENT 67 Concept of Social Movement 67 Characteristics of Social Movement 68 Types of Social Movement 68 Theories of Social Movement 68 SOCIALIZATION 70 Meaning and Definition of Socialization 70 Characteristics of Socialization 70 Types of Socialization 71 Stages of Socialization 71 Agencies of Socialization 71 Education and Socialization 72 SOCIAL CHANGE 72 Meaning and Definition of Social Change Characteristics of Social Change 72	
1B.6.2.	Meaning of Marxism 47 Chief Exponents of Marxism 47 Basic Tenets of Marxism 47	1C.8.4.	Types of Social Change 73 Theories of Social Change 73 Factors affecting Social Change 73	
	Forms of Marxism 47		Education and Social Change 73	
1B.6.6. 1B.7. 1B.7.1. 1B.7.2. 1B.7.3. 1B.7.4. 1B.7.5.	Marxism and Education 48 Significance of Marxism 49 EXISTENTIALISM 49 Meaning of Existentialism 49 Chief Exponents of Existentialism 49 Basic Tenets of Existentialism 49 Forms of Existentialism 50 Existentialism and Education 50 Significance of Existentialism 51	1C.9.1. 1C.9.2. 1C.9.3. 1C.9.4. 1C.9.5. 1C.9.6.	SOCIAL STRATIFICATION 74 Meaning and Definition of Social Stratification 74 Characteristics of Social Stratification 74 Forms of Social Stratification 74 Process involved Social Stratification 75 Causes of Social Stratification 75 Education and Social Stratification 75 SOCIAL MOBILITY 75	
	E Choice Questions 52-57		Meaning and Definition of Social Mobility Characteristics of Social Mobility 76	75
	CIOLOGICAL BASIS OF EDUCATION 58-79	1C.10.3.	Types of Social Mobility 76	
1C.1.1. 1C.1.2. 1C.2. 1C.2.1.	INTRODUCTION TO SOCIETY 58 Meaning and Definition of Society 58 Nature and Characteristics of Society 58 INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY 58 Meaning of Sociology 58 Nature and Characteristics of Sociology 59	1C.11. 1C.11.1. 1C.11.2. 1C.11.3.	Education and Social Mobility 76  CULTURE 77  Meaning and Definition of Culture 77  Characteristics of Culture 77  Education and Culture 77  Impact of Culture on Education 77	
	Branches of Sociology 59		NATIONAL VALUES IN INDIAN CONSTITUT	ΓΙΟN 78
	Importance of Sociology 60 Relationship between Sociology and Education 60	MULTIPL	E CHOICE QUESTIONS	80-86
	INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY OF EDUCATION 61	1D. CO	NTRIBUTION OF GREAT THINKERS	87-109
1C.3.1. 1C.3.2. 1C.3.3.	Meaning & Definition of Sociology of Education 61 Nature & Characteristics of Sociology of Education 61 Approaches to Sociology of Education 61 INTRODUCTION TO EDUCATIONAL SOCIOLOGY 63 Meaning & Definition of Educational Sociology 63	1D.1. 1D.1.1. 1D.1.2. 1D.1.3. 1D.1.4.	MARY WOLLSTONECRAFT (1759-1797) Introduction 87 Short Biography 87 Contribution of Mary Wollstonecraft 87 Conclusion 87	
1C.4.2. 1C.4.3. 1C.4.4. 1C.4.5.	Nature & Characteristics of Educational Sociology 63 Functions of Educational Sociology 63 Need and Importance of Educational Sociology 64 Impact of Educational Sociology on Education 64 SOCIAL INSTITUTION 64	1D.2.1. 1D.2.2. 1D.2.3.	SAVITRIBAI PHULE (1831-1897) 88 Introduction 88 Short Biography 88 Contribution of Savitribai Phule 88 Conclusion 89	
1C.5.1. 1C.5.2.	Meaning and Definition of Social Institution 64 Characteristics of Social Institution 64 Types of Social Institution 65	1D.3.1.	RABINDRANATH TAGORE (1861-1941) 8 Introduction 90 Short Biography 90	9

- 1D.3.3. Educational Philosophy 90
- 1D.3.4. Meaning of Education according to Rabindranath Tagore 90
- 1D.3.5. Aims of Education according to Rabindranath Tagore 91
- 1D.3.6. Curriculum according to Rabindranath Tagore 91
- 1D.3.7. Methods of Teaching according to Rabindranath Tagore 91
- 1D.3.8. Teacher according to Rabindranath Tagore 91
- 1D.3.9. Discipline according to Rabindranath Tagore 91
- 1D.3.10. Contribution of Rabindranath Tagore 92
- 1D.3.11. Conclusion 93
  - 1D.4. SWAMI VIVEKANANDA (1863-1902) 93
- 1D.4.1. Introduction 93
- 1D.4.2. Short Biography 93
- 1D.4.3. Educational Philosophy 93
- 1D.4.4. Meaning of Education according to Swami Vivekananda 94
- 1D.4.5. Aims of Education according to Swami Vivekananda 94
- 1D.4.6. Curriculum according to Swami Vivekananda 94
- 1D.4.7. Methods of Teaching according to Swami Vivekananda 95
- 1D.4.8. Teacher according to Swami Vivekananda 95
- 1D.4.9. Discipline according to Swami Vivekananda 95
- 1D.4.10. Education for Women according to Swami Vivekananda 95
- 1D.4.11. Education for Masses according to Swami Vivekananda 95
- 1D.4.12. Contribution of Swami Vivekananda 96
- 1D.4.13. Conclusion 96
  - 1D.5. MAHATMA GANDHI (1869-1948) 96
- 1D.5.1. Introduction 96
- 1D.5.2. Short Biography 97
- 1D.5.3. Educational Philosophy 97
- 1D.5.4. Meaning of Education according to Mahatma Gandhi 97
- 1D.5.5. Aims of Education according to Mahatma Gandhi 97
- 1D.5.6. Curriculum according to Mahatma Gandhi 98
- 1D.5.7. Methods of Teaching according to Mahatma Gandhi 98
- 1D.5.8. Teacher according to Mahatma Gandhi 98
- 1D.5.9. Discipline according to Mahatma Gandhi 98
- 1D.5.10. Contribution of Mahatma Gandhi 99
- 1D.5.11. Basic Education 99
- 1D.5.12. Conclusion 100
  - 1D.6. SRI AUROBINDO (1872-1950) 100
- 1D.6.1. Introduction 100
- 1D.6.2. Short Biography 100
- 1D.6.3. Educational Philosophy 100
- 1D.6.4. Meaning of Education according to Sri Aurobindo 101
- 1D.6.5. Aims of Education according to Sri Aurobindo 101
- 1D.6.6. Curriculum according to Sri Aurobindo 101
- 1D.6.7. Methods of Teaching according to Sri Aurobindo 102
- 1D.6.8. Teacher according to Sri Aurobindo 102
- 1D.6.9. Discipline according to Sri Aurobindo 102
- 1D.6.10. Contribution of Sri Aurobindo 102
- 1D.6.11. Conclusion 102
  - 1D.7. JIDDU KRISHNAMURTHY (1895-1986) 103
- 1D.7.1. Introduction 103
- 1D.7.2. Short Biography 103
- 1D.7.3. Educational Philosophy 103
- 1D.7.4. Meaning of Education according to Jiddu Krishnamurthy 104

- 1D.7.5. Aims of Education according to Jiddu Krishnamurthy 104
- 1D.7.6. Curriculum according to Jiddu Krishnamurthy 104
- 1D.7.7. Methods of Teaching according to Jiddu Krishnamurthy 104
- 1D.7.8. Teacher according to Jiddu Krishnamurthy 104
- 1D.7.9. Discipline according to Jiddu Krishnamurthy 105
- 1D.7.10. Contribution of Jiddu Krishnamurthy 105
- 1D.7.11. Contribution of Jiddu Krishnamurthy 105
  - 1D.8. PAULO FREIRE (1921-1997) 105
- 1D.8.1. Introduction 105
- 1D.8.2. Short Biography 106
- 1D.8.3. Educational Philosophy 106
- 1D.8.4. Meaning of Education according to Paulo Freire 106
- 1D.8.5. Contribution of Paulo Freire 107
- 1D.8.6. Conclusion 108
- 1D.9. NEL NODDINGS (1929-) 108
- 1D.9.1. Introduction 108
- 1D.9.2. Short Biography 109
- 1D.9.3. Contribution of Nel Noddings 109
- 1D.9.4. Conclusion 109

100-119

## 2. HISTORY, POLITICS AND ECONOMICS OF EDUCATION 120-186

## 2A. COMMITTEES AND COMMISSIONS' CONTRIBUTION TO TEACHER EDUCATION 120-149

- 2A.1. UNIVERSITY EDUCATION COMMISSION (1948) 120
- 2A.1.1. Overview 120
- 2A.1.2. Members of the Commission 120
- 2A.1.3. Recommendations of the Commission 120
- 2A.1.4. Criticism on Radhakrishnan Commission 124
- 2A.2. SECONDARY EDUCATION COMMISSION (1953) 124
- 2A.2.1. Overview 124
- 2A.2.2. Members of the Commission 124
- 2A.2.3. Major Thrusts of Mudaliar Commission 125
- 2A.2.4. Recommendations of the Commission 125
- 2A.2.5. Criticism on Secondary Education Commission 128
  - 2A.3. KOTHARI COMMISSION (1964-66) 128
- 2A.3.1. Overview 128
- 2A.3.2. Members of the Commission 128
- 2A.3.3. Recommendations of the Commission 129
- 2A.3.4. Criticism on Kothari Commission 132
- 2A.4. NATIONAL POLICY OF EDUCATION (1968) 133
- 2A.4.1. Overview 133
- 2A.4.2. Recommendations 133
- 2A.5. NATIONAL POLICY OF EDUCATION (1986) 135
- 2A.5.1. Overview 135
- 2A.5.2. Salient Features of National Policy on Education 1986 and POA 1992 135
- 2A.5.3. Objectives of National Policy on Education 1986 and POA 1992 135
- 2A.5.4. Recommendations of the Policy 136

	NATIONAL COMMISSION ON TEACHERS (1999) 140 Overview 140	2C.5.	EDUCATIONAL FINANCE AT M LEVELS 169	IICRO AND MACRO
2A.6.2.	Recommendations of the Commission 140	2C.5.1.	Micro Finance 169	
2A.7.	NATIONAL CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK (2005) 140		Macro Finance 169	
	Overview 140	2C.5.3.	Difference between Micro Finance	& Macro Finance 169
2A.7.2.	Major Areas of National Curriculum Framework 141	2C.6.	CONCEPT OF BUDGETING 16	59
2A.7.3.	Critical Analysis of National Curriculum Framework		Meaning and Definition 169	
	(NCF) 143		Characteristics 170	
2A.8.	NATIONAL KNOWLEDGE COMMISSION (2007) 143		Classification 170	
	Overview 143		Advantages 170 Disadvantages 170	
	Members of the Commission 143		<u>-</u>	171-174
	Objectives of the Commission 144 Need for the Commission 144	l —	E CHOICE QUESTIONS	
	Recommendations of the Commission 144		LITICS AND EDUCATION	175-181
	YASH PAL COMMITTEE REPORT (2009) 147	2D.1.	RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN EDUCATION 175	POLITICS AND
	Overview 147	2D.2.	PERSPECTIVES OF POLITICS	S OF EDUCATION:
	Recommendation of the Committee 147		LIBERALISM, CONSERVATIS	M AND CRITICAL
	Conclusion 148		DEMOCRACY 176	
2A.10.	NATIONAL CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR		Liberalism 176	
0 4 10 1	TEACHER EDUCATION (2009) 148		Conservatism 176	
	Overview 148 Features of National Curriculum Framework for		Critical Democracy 176	
ZA.10.2.	Teacher Education 148		APPROACHES TO UNDERSTAN	DING POLITICS 177
2A.10.3.	Recommendations 148		Behaviouralism 177 Theory of Systems Analysis 17	0
	JUSTICE VERMA COMMITTEE REPORT (2012) 149		Theory of Systems Analysis 17 Theory of Rational Choice 178	
	Overview 149	l	EDUCATION FOR POLITICAL I	
	Recommendations of the Committee 149		Meaning and Definition 179	DE VELOTIVILIAT 179
MULTIPL	E CHOICE QUESTIONS 150-158		Dimensions 179	
	LICIES AND EDUCATION 159-162	2D.4.3.	Dimensions 179	
	RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN POLICIES AND	2D.5.	EDUCATION FOR POLITICAL S	OCIALIZATION 180
ZD.Z.	EDUCATION 159		Meaning and Definition 180	
2B.2.1.	Linkage between Educational Policy and National		Characteristics 180	
	Development 159		Factors or Agents 180	
2B.2.2.	Determinants of Educational Policy and Process of		Functions 181 Importance 181	
	Policy Formulation 160	l	•	102 107
MULTIPL	E CHOICE QUESTIONS 163-165		E CHOICE QUESTIONS	182-186
2C. EC	ONOMICS OF EDUCATION 166-170	3. LE	ARNER & LEARNING PR	OCESS 187-353
2C.1.	ECONOMICS OF EDUCATION 166	3A. VA	RIOUS ASPECTS OF PSYCHO	LOGY 187-221
2C.2.	COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS VS COST EFFECTIVE-		INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHO	LOGY 187
	NESS ANALYSIS IN EDUCATION 166		Meaning and Definition 187	
	Cost Benefit Analysis 166		Nature 187	
	Cost Effectiveness Analysis 166		Scope 187	00
	Difference 167		Basic Psychological Process 18 Fields of Psychology 188	00
2C.3.	ECONOMIC RETURNS TO HIGHER EDUCATION: SIGNALING THEORY VS HUMAN CAPITAL		Relationship between Education	and Psychology 189

- 3A.2. GROWTH & DEVELOPMENT 189
- 3A.2.1. Meaning and Definition 189
- $3A.2.2.\,$  General Characteristics of Growth & Development  $190\,$
- 3A.2.3. Principles of Development 190
- 3A.2.4. Relationship between Growth and Development 191
- 3A.2.5. Difference between Growth and Development 192
- 3A.2.6. Stages and Sequence of Growth & Development 192

(x)

THEORY 167

2C.3.1. Signaling Theory 167

2C.4.1. Meaning 168

2C.4.2. Principles 168

2C.3.2. Human Capital Theory 167

2C.4. CONCEPT OF EDUCATIONAL FINANCE 168

3A.3. 3A.3.1. 3A.3.2. 3A.3.3. 3A.4. 3A.4.1. 3A.4.2. 3A.4.3. 3A.5. 3A.5.1. 3A.5.2. 3A.6. 3A.6.1. 3A.7.1. 3A.7.2. 3A.7.3. 3A.7.4. 3A.7.5. 3A.7.6. 3A.7.7. 3A.7.8. 3A.7.9. 3A.8. 3A.8.1. 3A.8.2. 3A.8.3. 3A.8.4. 3A.8.5. 3A.8.9. 3A.9.1. 3A.9.2. 3A.9.3.	Factors influencing Growth and Development of Child 194  COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT 195 Meaning 195 Characteristics 195 Cognitive Development: Piaget's Theory 195 MORAL DEVELOPMENT 198 Meaning 198 Characteristics 199 Aspects 199 Moral Development: Kohlberg's Theory 199 PSYCHO-SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT 201 Meaning 201 Psycho-Social Development: Erikson's Theory 201 PSYCHO-SEXUAL DEVELOPMENT 203 Meaning 203 Psycho-Sexual Development: Freud's Theory 203 PERSONALITY 207 Meaning and Definition 207 Nature 207 Various Perspectives 208 Characteristics 208 Types of Personality 210 Approaches 211 Traits Theories of Personality 211 Measurement of Personality 215 MENTAL HEALTH 217 Meaning and Definition 217 Components 217 Factors Affecting Mental Health 218 Symptoms of Good Mental Health 218 Symptoms of Good Mental Health 218 Causes of Poor Mental Health 218 Models 219 Indices 219 Dimensions 220 Importance 220 MENTAL HYGIENE 220 Meaning and Definition 220 Objectives 221 Functions 221 ECHOICE QUESTIONS  222-236	3B.3. EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE 239 3B.3.1. Meaning and Definition 239 3B.3.2. Nature 240 3B.3.3. Factors Affecting Emotional Intelligence 241 3B.3.4. Advantages 243 3B.3.5. Emotional Intelligence (EQ) 243 3B.4.1. Unitary or Monarchy Theory of Intelligence 243 3B.4.2. Spearman's Two-Factor Theory of Intelligence 243 3B.4.3. Thorndike's Multi-Factor Theory of Intelligence 243 3B.4.4. Thurstone's Group-Factor Theory of Intelligence 243 3B.4.5. Howard Gardner's Theory of Multiple Intelligence 244 3B.4.6. Sternberg's Triarchic Theory of Intelligence 247 3B.4.7. Guilford's Structure of Intellects Theory of Intelligence 247 3B.5. ASSESSMENT OF INTELLIGENCE 249 3B.5.1. Meaning of Intelligence Test 249 3B.5.2. Purposes of Intelligence Test 249 3B.5.3. Classification of Intelligence Test 249 3B.5.4. Uses of Intelligence Test 253 3B.5.5. Advantages of Intelligence Test 253 3B.5.6. Limitations of Intelligence Test 253 3B.5.7. Difference between Verbal Test and Non-verbal Test of Intelligence 254 3B.5.8. Difference between Individual and Group Test of Intelligence 254 3B.6.1. Meaning and Definition 254 3B.6.2. Steps 254 3B.6.3. Advantages 155 3B.6.4. Disadvantages 255 3B.7.1. Meaning and Definition 255 3B.7.2. Importance 255 3B.7.3. Meaning and Definition 256 3B.8.1. Meaning and Definition 256 3B.8.2. Characteristics 256 3B.8.3. Components 256 3B.8.4. Importance 256 3B.8.5. Neaning and Definition 257 3B.9.1. Meaning and Definition 257 3B.9.2. Nature 257 3B.9.3. Features or Characteristics 258 3B.9.4. Components 258
	E CHOICE QUESTIONS 222-236 ELLIGENCE AND CREATIVITY 237-259	3B.9.4. Components 258
	INTRODUCTION TO INTELLIGENCE 237	3B.9.5. Process 258 3B.9.6. Identification 259
	Meaning and Definition 237	3B.9.7. Nurturance 259
	Nature 237	MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 260-265
	Features or Characteristics 238	
	Types 238	3C. LEARNING 266
	Intelligence Quotient (IQ) 238	3C.1. INTRODUCTION TO LEARNING 266
	SOCIAL INTELLIGENCE 239	3C.1.1. Meaning and Definition 266
	Meaning and Definition 239	3C.1.2. Nature 266
	Aspects 239	3C.1.3. Characteristics 267
3B.2.3.	Key Elements 239	3C.1.4. Domains 267

3C.1.6.	Principles 268 Types 268 Importance 269	3D.5.1. 3D.5.2.	THEORIES OF COUNSELLING 344 Behavioural Theory 344 Psychodynamic Theory 344	
3C.2.	BEHAVIOURISTIC LEARNING THEORY 269		Cognitive Theory 345	
	Meaning and Concept 269	l	Humanistic Theory 345	
	Characteristics 270		VARIOUS TYPES OF THERAPY 345	
	Theories related to Behaviouristic Learning 270		Cognitive Behavioural Therapy 345	
	COGNITIVE LEARNING THEORY 285		Psychodynamic Therapy 345	
	Meaning and Concept 285		Behavioural Therapy 346	
	Characteristics 285	ı	Humanistic Therapy 346	245 252
	Theories related to Cognitive Learning 285	MULTIPLE	CHOICE QUESTIONS	347-353
	HUMANISTIC LEARNING THEORY 303	4 (DD) A	CHED EDUCATION	254 425
	Meaning and Concept 303		ACHER EDUCATION	354-435
	Characteristics 304		RODUCTION TO TEACHER EDUCATION	
	Theories related to Humanistic Approach to Learning 304		CONCEPT OF TEACHER EDUCATION	354
	SOCIAL COMPETENCE 308		Meaning and Definition 354	
3C.6.	SOCIAL COGNITION 309		Objectives 354	
3C.7.	UNDERSTANDING SOCIAL RELATIONSHIP AND		Nature 355	
	SOCIALIZATION GOALS 309		Scope 356	
3C.7.1.	Social Relationship 309		Need 356 Principles 357	
3C.7.1.	Social Relationship 309		Significance 358	
MULTIPLI	E Choice Questions 310-322	ı		DAMC 250
3D GIII	IDANCE AND COUNSELLING 323	l	TYPES OF TEACHER EDUCATION PROG	
	INTRODUCTION TO GUIDANCE 323		STRUCTURE OF TEACHER EDUCURRICULUM 362	JCATION
	Meaning and Definition 323	l		ENTE OF
	Aims and Objectives 323		VISION IN CURRICULUM DOCUM	
	Nature 324		NCERT AND NCTE AT ELEMENTARY, SE AND HIGHER SECONDARY LEVELS	
	Scope 325		Vision in Curriculum Documents of NC.	
3D.1.5.	Functions 325		Vision in Curriculum Documents of NC	
3D.1.6.	Need 326	l	ORGANIZATION OF COMPONENTS	
	Principles 326		SERVICE TEACHER EDUCATION 369	
3D.1.8.	Importance 327		Curriculum of Pre-service Teacher Ed	
	TYPES OF GUIDANCE 328		Elementary Level 369	acatron at
	Educational Guidance 328		Curriculum of Pre-service Teacher Ed	ucation at
	Vocational Guidance 330		Secondary Level 370	
	Personal Guidance 332	4A.6.	TRANSACTIONAL APPROACHES 370	
	Health Guidance 334		Overview 370	
	Social Guidance 335	4A.6.2.	Transacting the Teacher Education Curric	culum 371
	INTRODUCTION TO COUNSELLING 335	4A.7.	EXPOSITORY, COLLABORATIVE ANI	) EXPERI-
	Meaning and Definition 335 Aims 335		MENTIAL LEARNING 372	
	Objectives 336	4A.7.1.	Expository Teaching 372	
	Goals 336		Collaborative Learning 372	
	Nature 336	4A.7.3.	Experimental Learning 374	
	Scope 336	4A.8.	ORIENTATION PROGRAMMES AND RE	EFRESHER
	Functions 337		COURSES 374	
3D.3.8.	Principles 337		Orientation Programmes 374	
	Approaches 337	4A.8.2.	Refresher Courses 375	
3D.3.10.	Difference between Guidance and Counselling 339	MULTIPLE	CHOICE QUESTIONS	376-383
	COUNSELLING TECHNIQUES 339	4B. ASP	ECTS OF TEACHER EDUCATION	384-390
	Directive Counselling 339		UNDERSTANDING KNOWLEDGE	
	Non-Directive Counselling 341		TEACHER EDUCATION 384	DASE OF
3D.4.3.	Eclectic Counselling 342	I	TEACHER EDUCATION 304	

- 4B.1.1. Teacher Education from the viewpoint of Schulman 384
- 4B.1.2. Teacher Education from the viewpoint of Deng and Luke 384
- 4B.1.3. Teacher Education from the viewpoint of Habermas 385
  - 4B.2. REFLECTIVE TEACHING 386
- 4B.2.1. Meaning 386
- 4B.2.2. Modern Concept 386
- 4B.2.3. Components 386
- 4B.2.4. Zeichner and Liston's Model of Reflective Teaching 387
- 4B.2.5. Reflective Strategies 387
- 4B.2.6. Benefits 387
- 4B.3. MODELS OF TEACHER EDUCATION 388
- 4B.3.1. Behaviouristic Teacher Education Model 388
- 4B.3.2. Competency-based Teacher Education Model 388
- 4B.3.3. Inquiry Oriented Teacher Education Model 390

391-394

## 4C. CONCEPT OF IN-SERVICE TEACHER EDUCATION 395-415

- 4C.1. INTRODUCTION TO IN-SERVICE TEACHER EDUCATION 395
- 4C.1.1. Meaning and Definition 395
- 4C.1.2. Aims and Objectives 395
- 4C.1.3. Assumptions 395
- 4C.1.4. Principles 396
- 4C.1.5. Scope 396
- 4C.1.6. Need and Importance 396
- 4C.1.7. Problems 397
- 4C.1.8. Recommendations 397
- 4C.2. ORGANIZATION AND MODES OF IN-SERVICE TEACHER EDUCATION 398
- 4C.2.1. Organization 398
- 4C.2.2. Modes 399
- 4C.3. AGENCIES AND INSTITUTIONS OF IN-SERVICE TEACHER EDUCATION 400
- 4C.3.1. Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) 400
- 4C.3.2. Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA) 404
- 4C.3.3. State Council of Educational Research and Training (SCERT) 406
- 4C.3.4. National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT) 408
- 4C.3.5. National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE) 411
- 4C.3.6. University Grants Commission (UGC) 413
  - 4C.4. PRELIMINARY CONSIDERATION IN PLANNING IN-SERVICE TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAMME 415

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

416-421

### 4D. PROFESSION AND PROFESSIONALISM 422-430

- 4D.1. CONCEPT OF PROFESSION AND PROFESSIONA-LISM 422
- 4D.1.1. Profession 422
- 4D.1.2. Professionalism 423
  - 4D.2. TEACHING AS A PROFESSION 424
- 4D.2.1. Overview 424

- 4D.2.2. Characteristics 425
- 4D.2.3. Performance Appraisal of Teachers 426
  - 4D.3. PROFESSIONAL ETHICS OF TEACHERS 426
  - 4D.4. PERSONAL AND CONTEXTUAL FACTORS
    AFFECTING TEACHER DEVELOPMENT 427
- 4D.4.1. Personal Factors affecting Teacher Education 427
- 4D.4.2. Contextual Factors affecting Teacher Education 428
  - 4D.5. ICT INTEGRATION IN TEACHER EDUCATION 428
- 4D.5.1. Approaches 428
- 4D.5.2. Impact 428
- 4D.5.3. Development of Skills and Competencies 429
  - 4D.6. QUALITY ENHANCEMENT FOR PROFESSIONA-LIZATION OF TEACHER EDUCATION 429
  - 4D.7. INNOVATION IN TEACHER EDUCATION 429

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

431-435

### 5. CURRICULUM STUDIES

436-501

### 5A. CONCEPT OF CURRICULUM

- 5A.1. INTRODUCTION TO CURRICULUM 436
- 5A.1.1. Meaning and Definition 436
- 5A.1.2. Traditional and Modern Concept of Curriculum 437
- 5A.1.3. Characteristics of Curriculum 438
- 5A.1.4. Types of Curriculum 438
- 5A.1.5. Components of Curriculum 441
- 5A.1.6. Aspects of Curriculum 443
- 5A.1.7. Approaches of Curriculum 443
- 5A.1.8. Nature of Curriculum 444
- 5A.1.9. Scope of Curriculum 444
- 5A.1.10. Necessity of Curriculum 445
- 5A.1.11. Principles 445
- 5A.1.12. Concept of Syllabus 445
- 5A.1.13. Determinants of Curriculum 447
  - 5A.2. CURRICULUM CONSTRUCTION 449
- 5A.2.1. Meaning 449
- 5A.2.2. Principles 450
- 5A.2.3. Importance 451
- 5A.3. CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT 452
- 5A.3.1. Meaning and Definition 452
- 5A.3.2. Characteristics 452
- 5A.3.3. Importance 452
- 5A.3.4. Stages 452
- 5A.3.5. Approaches 453
- 5A.3.6. Principles 453
- 5A.4. CURRICULUM TRANSACTION 453
- 5A.4.1. Meaning 453
- 5A.4.2. Requirements 454
- 5A.4.3. Modes 454
- 5A.4.4. Guidelines for Curriculum Transaction according to National Curriculum Framework (NCF) 2005 454
- 5A.5. CONTENT OF CURRICULUM 455
- 5A.5.1. Meaning and Definition 455
- 5A.5.2. Procedure 455
- 5A.5.3. Criteria 456

5A.5.4. Principles of selecting Curriculum Content 456 5C.4. CURRICULUM EVALUATION 477 5C.4.1. Meaning and Definition 477 5A.6. FOUNDATIONS OF CURRICULUM PLANNING 456 5C.4.2. Conceptual Framework 478 5A.6.1. Philosophical Bases 456 5C.4.3. Objectives 478 5A.6.2. Psychological Bases 457 5C.4.4. Purposes 478 5A.6.3. Sociological Bases 457 5C.4.5. Importance 478 5A.7. BENCH MARKING AND ROLE OF NATIONAL 5C.4.6. Perspectives 478 STATUTORY BODIES IN CURRICULUM 5C.4.7. Models 479 **DEVELOPMENT 458** 5C.4.8. Sources 479 5A.7.1. University Grants Commission (UGC) 458 5C.4.9. Types 479 5A.7.2. National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE) 458 5C.5. APPROACHES TO CURRICULUM EVALUATION 482 5A.7.3. Universities 458 5C.5.1. Meaning 482 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 459-463 5C.6. MODEL OF CURRICULUM EVALUATION 483 5B. MODELS OF CURRICULUM DESIGN 464-468 5C.6.1. Tyler's Model 483 5B.1. INTRODUCTION TO CURRICULUM SIGN 464 5C.6.2. Stakes' Responsive Model 483 5C.6.3. Scriven's Goal-Free Model 484 5B.1.1. Meaning 464 5B.1.2. Purpose 464 5C.6.4. Kirkpatrick's Model 484 5B.1.3. Types 464 5C.6.5. Taba's Model 485 5C.6.6. Saylor and Alexander Model 485 5B.2. OBJECTIVE MODEL 464 5C.6.7. Oliva Model 485 5B.3. TRADITIONAL CURRICULUM MODEL 464 5C.6.8. Walker's Model 486 5B.4. CONTEMPORARY CURRICULUM MODEL 465 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 487-490 5B.5. ACADEMIC / DISCIPLINE BASED CURRICULUM **5D. CURRICULUM CHANGE** 491 MODEL 465 5D.1. INTRODUCTION TO CURRICULUM CHANGE 5B.6. COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM MODEL 465 5D.1.1. Meaning 491 5B.7. SOCIAL FUNCTIONS/ACTIVITIES CURRICULUM 5D.1.2. Objectives 491 MODEL 466 5D.1.3. Nature 491 5B.8. INDIVIDUAL NEEDS AND INTERESTS 5D.1.4. Need and Importance 491 **CURRICULUM MODEL 466** 5D.1.5. Categories 492 5B.9. OUTCOME BASED INTEGRATIVE CURRICULUM 5D.1.6. Process 492 MODEL 466 5D.1.7. Requirements 492 5D.1.8. Strategies 492 5B.10. INTERVENTION CURRICULUM MODEL 467 5D.2. FACTORS AFFECTING CURRICULUM CHANGE 493 5B.11. CIPP MODEL (CONTEXT, INPUT, PROCESS, PRODUCT MODEL) 467 5D.3. ROLE OF STUDENT IN CURRICULUM **CHANGE AND IMPROVEMENT 493** MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 469-474 5D.4. ROLE OF TEACHER IN CURRICULUM 5C. INSTRUCTIONAL SYSTEMS AND CURRICULUM **CHANGE AND IMPROVEMENT 494 EVALUATION** 5D.5. ROLE OF EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATORS IN 5C.1. INTRODUCTION TO INSTRUCTIONAL SYSTEM 475 CURRICULUM CHANGE AND IMPROVEMENT 494 5C.1.1. Meaning 475 5D.6. APPROACHES TO CURRICULUM CHANGE 495 5C.1.2. Designing Instructional Systems 475 5D.7. AGENCIES OF CURRICULUM CHANGE 496 5C.2. INTRODUCTION TO INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA 475 5D.7.1. University Grants Commission (UGC) 496 5C.2.1. Meaning 475 5D.7.2. National Council of Educational Research and 5C.2.2. Properties 476 Training (NCERT) 497 5C.2.3. Role 476 5D.7.3. State Council of Educational Research and Training 5C.2.4. Benefits 476 (SCERT) 497 5C.3. INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL IN ENHANCING 5D.8. CURRICULUM RESEARCH 497 **CURRICULUM TRANSACTION 476** 5D.8.1. Meaning 497 5C.3.1. Meaning 476

5C.3.2. Types 477

5C.3.3. Importance 477

5D.8.2. Scope 498

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

5D.8.3. Types of Research in Curriculum Studies 498

#### 6B.3. INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PROPOSAL 556 502-656 6. RESEARCH IN EDUCATION 6B.3.1. Meaning and Definition 556 6A. CONCEPT OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH 502-541 6B.3.2. Major Components 557 6A.1. INTRODUCTION RESEARCH 502 6B.4. INTRODUCTION TO SAMPLE & POPULATION 560 6A.1.1. Meaning and Definition 502 6B.4.1. Meaning and Definition 560 6A.1.2. Objectives 502 6B.4.2. Concept and Meaning of Sampling 561 6A.1.3. Characteristics 502 6B.4.3. Techniques of Sampling 562 6A.1.4. Types 503 6B.4.4. Sampling Error 570 6A.1.5. Importance 505 6B.5. CHARACTERISTICS OF A GOOD TOOL 571 6A.2. INTRODUCTION TO EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH 506 6B.6. TOOLS OF RESEARCH 572 6A.2.1. Meaning and Definition 506 6B.6.1. Rating Scale 572 6A.2.2. Objectives 506 6B.6.2. Attitude Test 572 6A.2.3. Characteristics 506 6B.6.3. Questionnaire 574 6A.2.4. Nature 507 6B.6.4. Aptitude Test 576 6A.2.5. Scope 507 6B.6.5. Achievement Test 579 6A.2.6. Steps 507 6B.7. TECHNIOUES OF RESEARCH 582 6A.2.7. Paradigm 508 6B.7.1. Observation 582 6A.3. INTRODUCTION TO SCIENTIFIC METHOD 508 6B.7.2. Interview 583 6A.3.1. Meaning and Definition 508 6B.7.3. Projective Technique 586 6A.3.2. Characteristics 509 MULTIPLE CHOICE OUESTIONS 588-597 6A.3.3. Steps 510 6A.3.4. Types 510 6C. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DATA ANALYSIS 6A.4. AIMS OF RESEARCH AS A SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITY 514 6A.5. TYPES OF RESEARCH 515 6C.1. INTRODUCTION TO MEASUREMENT SCALE 598 6A.5.1. Basic or Fundamental Research 515 6C.1.1. Meaning 598 6A.5.2. Applied Research 516 6C.2. INTRODUCTION TO QUANTITATIVE DATA 6A.5.3. Action Research 517 **ANALYSIS 599** 6A.6. APPROACHES TO EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH 518 6C.2.1. Meaning 599 6A.6.1. Qualitative Research 518 6C.2.2. Data Collection Methods 599 6A.6.2. Quantitative Research 520 6C.2.3. Data Analysis Methods 601 6A.6.3. Difference between Quantitative and Qualitative 6C.3. GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA 601 Research 522 6C.3.1. Meaning 601 6A.7. DESIGNS IN EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH 523 6C.3.2. General Rules 601 6A.7.1. Concept of Research Design 523 6C.3.3. Advantages 602 6C.3.4. Disadvantages 602 6A.7.2. Descriptive Research Design 524 6C.3.5. Graphical Representation of Ungrouped Data 602 6A.7.3. Experimental Research Design 532 6A.7.4. Historical Research Design 538 6C.3.6. Graphical Representation of Grouped Data 602 6C.4. INTRODUCTION TO DESCRIPTIVE METHODS OF MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 542-550 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS 603 6B. CONCEPT OF VARIABLES, HYPOTHESIS AND 6C.4.1. Meaning 603 **SAMPLING** 551-587 6C.4.2. Measures of Central Tendency 604 6B.1. INTRODUCTION TO VARIABLES 551 6C.4.3. Measures of Dispersion or Variability 606 6B.1.1. Meaning and Definition 551 6C.5. INTRODUCTION TO RELATION'S ANALYSIS OF 6B.1.2. Types 551 STATISTICAL METHODS 607 6B.2. INTRODUCTION TO HYPOTHESES 552 6C.5.1. Meaning 607 6B.2.1. Meaning and Definition 552 6C.5.2. Characteristics 608 6B.2.2. Features 553 6C.5.3. Types 608 6B.2.3. Sources of Hypothesis 553 6C.5.4. Design of Correlational Research 608 6B.2.4. Types of Hypothesis 553 6C.5.5. Coefficient of Correlation 609

6C.5.6. Use of Correlation 609

6C.6.1. Meaning 610 6C.6.2. Characteristics 611

6C.5.7. Methods of Computing Coefficient of Correlation 610

6C.6. NORMAL PROBABILITY CURVE (NPC) 610

6B.2.5. Formulating Hypothesis 554

6B.2.7. Importance of Hypothesis 556

6B.2.8. Role of Hypothesis 557

6B.2.6. Characteristics of a Good Hypothesis 555

6C.6.3. Applications 611 6C.6.4. Interpretation 611 6C.6.5. Uses 611 6C.6.6. Factors Causing Divergence in Normal Distribution/ Normal Curve 612 6C.7. SKEWNESS AND KURTOSIS 612 6C.7.1. Skewness 612 6C.7.2. Kurtosis 612 6C.7.3. Fiduciary Limits 613 6C.8. TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 613 6C.8.1. Meaning 613 6C.8.2. Statement of Hypothesis 613 6C.8.3. Level of Significance 614 6C.8.4. General Procedure for Testing Hypothesis 614 6C.8.5. Errors in Hypothesis Testing 614 6C.8.6. One-Tailed Test and Two-Tailed Test 614 6C.9. PARAMETRIC AND NON-PARAMETRIC TEST 615 6C.9.1. Parametric Test 615 6C.9.2. Non-parametric Test 617 6C.10. INTRODUCTION TO QUALITATIVE DATA **ANALYSIS 618** 6C.10.1. Meaning 618 6C.10.2. Principles 618 6C.10.3. Characteristics 619 6C.10.4. Types 619 6C.10.5. Components 619 6C.10.6. Strategies 620 624-630 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 6D. QUALITATIVE RESEARCH DESIGN 631-648 6D.1. INTRODUCTION TO QUALITATIVE RESEARCH **DESIGN 631** 6D.1.1. Meaning 631 6D.1.2. Methods 631 6D.2. GROUNDED THEORY 632 6D.2.1. Meaning and Definition 632 6D.2.2. Characteristics 633 6D.2.3. Types 634 6D.2.4. Steps 635 6D.2.5. Types of Coding in Grounded Theory 636 6D.2.6. Relevance 636 6D.2.7. Implications 636 6D.2.8. Strengths 636 6D.2.9. Weakness 637 6D.3. NARRATIVE RESEARCH DESIGN 637 6D.3.1. Meaning and Definition 637 6D.3.2. Characteristics 638 6D.3.3. Steps 638 6D.4. CASE STUDY 638 6D.4.1. Meaning and Definition 638 6D.4.2. Characteristics 639

6D.4.3. Types 640

6D.4.4. Steps 640

6D.4.5. Significance 641

6D.4.6. Ways of Case Study 641 6D.4.7. Strengths 641 6D.4.8. Weaknesses 642 6D.5. ETHNOGRAPHY 642 6D.5.1. Meaning and Definition 642 6D.5.2. Assumptions 643 6D.5.3. Characteristics 643 6D.5.4. Common Terms Used in Ethnography 643 6D.5.5. Guidelines for Conducting Ethnography 644 6D.5.6. Types 644 6D.5.7. Steps 644 6D.5.8. Strengths 644 6D.5.9. Weaknesses 644 6D.6. MIXED METHOD RESEARCH DESIGN 645 6D.6.1. Meaning and Definition 645 6D.6.2. Characteristics 645 6D.6.3. Types 646 6D.6.4. STRENGTHS 648 649-656 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 7. PEDAGOGY, ANDRAGOGY AND ASSESSMENT 7A. CONCEPT OF PEDAGOGY & ANDRAGOGY 657-672 7A.1. INTRODUCTION TO PEDAGOGY 657 7A.1.1. Meaning and Definition 657 7A.1.2. Approaches 657 7A.2. INTRODUCTION TO PEDAGOGICAL ANALYSIS 658 7A.2.1. Meaning and Definition 658 7A.2.2. Objectives 658 7A.2.3. Characteristics 658 7A.2.4. Need 658 7A.2.5. Components 659 7A.2.6. Steps 659 7A.2.7. Advantages 659 7A.2.8. Disadvantages 659 7A.3. INTRODUCTION TO CRITICAL PEDAGOGY 659 7A.3.1. Meaning and Definition 659 7A.3.2. Characteristics 660 7A.3.3. Need 660 7A.3.4. Role of School in Critical Pedagogy 661 7A.3.5. Implication of Critical Pedagogy in Teacher Education 661 7A.4. ORGANIZING TEACHING 662 7A.4.1. Meaning 662 7A.4.2. Memory Level 662 7A.4.3. Understanding Level 664 7A.4.4. Reflective Level 665 7A.5. INTRODUCTION TO ANDRAGOGY 667 7A.5.1. Meaning and Definition 667 7A.5.2. Principles 667

7A.5.3. Difference 668

7A.5.4. Adult Learners 668

7A.5.5. Characteristics of Adult Learners 668

7A.5.6.	Key Factors Found in Successful Adult Learning Programs 668	7B.8.9. R
7A.5.7.	Motivation of Adult Learners 669	7B.8.10. D
7A.5.8.	Principles for Effective Adult Learning 669	7B.8.11. C
7A.6.	SELF-DIRECTED LEARNING 669	E
7A.6.1.	Meaning and Definition 669	MULTIPLE (
7A.6.2.	Competencies 670	TO ACCE
7A.7.	THEORY OF ANDRAGOGY 670	7C. ASSE
7A.7.1.	Overview 670	7C 1 P
7A.7.2.	Principles 671	7C.1. II
7A.7.3.	Assumptions 671	Ĭ
7A.7.4.	Current Applications 672	7C.2. F
7A.7.5.	Application of Andragogy in Personal Training 672	7C.2.1. M
7A.8.	DYNAMIC MODEL OF LEARNER AUTONOMY 672	7C.2.2. C
MULTIPL	E CHOICE QUESTIONS 673-680	7C.2.3. P 7C.2.4. S
<b>7B. CON</b>	NCEPT OF ASSESSMENT & EVALUATION 681-699	7C.2.5. II
7B.1.	INTRODUCTION TO ASSESSMENT 681	7C.2.6. C
7B.1.1.	Meaning and Definition 681	7C.3. A
	Objectives 681	7C.3.1. M
7B.1.3.	Nature 681	7C.3.2. P
7B.1.4.	Principles 681	7C.3.3. N
7B.1.5.	Fundamental Components of Assessment 682	7C.3.4. T
7B.1.6.	Approaches of Assessment 682	7C.3.5. S
	Perspectives of Assessment 684	7C.3.6. II
7B.1.8.	Difference 684	7C.3.7. Is
7B.2.	TYPES OF ASSESSMENT 685	7C.3.8. A
7B.2.1.	Placement Assessment 685	7C.3.9. D
7D 2 2	Enmotion Assessment 695	1 7C4 R

## 7B.2.2. Formative Assessment 685

7B.3. RELATIONS BETWEEN OBJECTIVES AND **OUTCOMES 686** 

7B.4. ASSESSMENT OF COGNITIVE DOMAIN OF LEARNING (ANDERSON AND KRATHWOHL) 687

7B.5. ASSESSMENT OF AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OF LEARNING (KRATHWOHL) 689

7B.6. ASSESSMENT OF PSYCHOMOTOR DOMAIN OF LEARNING (R H DAVE) 691

7B.7. INTRODUCTION TO MEASUREMENT 692

7B.7.1. Meaning and Definition 692

7B.2.3. Diagnostic Assessment 685

7B.2.4. Summative Assessment 686

7B.7.2. Objectives 692

7B.7.3. Characteristics 692

7B.7.4. Scales of Measurement 692

7B.8. INTRODUCTION TO EVALUATION 694

7B.8.1. Meaning and Definition 694

7B.8.2. Objectives 694

7B.8.3. Characteristics 695

7B.8.4. Scope 695

7B.8.5. Functions 695

7B.8.6. Need and Importance 695

7B.8.7. Steps 695

7B.8.8. Types 696

Relationship among Formative Evaluation, Summaive Evaluation and Diagnostic Evaluation 699

Difference between Measurement & Evaluation 699

Comparisons among Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation 699

CHOICE QUESTIONS

700-704

### SSMENT IN PEDAGOGY OF EDUCATION 705-720

NTRODUCTION TO ASSESSMENT IN PEDAGOGY OF EDUCATION 705

FEEDBACK DEVICE 706

Meaning and Definition 706

Classification 706

Principles for Providing Feedback 707

Strategies for Providing Feedback 708

mportance of Feedback in Assessment 708

Criteria of Feedback 708

SSESSMENT OF PORTFOLIOS 709

Meaning and Definition 709

Purposes 709

leed 709

Types 710

Steps 710

mplementation 710

ssue Related Portfolio Assessment 711

dvantages 711

Disadvantages 711

7C.4. REFLECTIVE JOURNAL 712

7C.4.1. Meaning and Definition 712

7C.4.2. Purpose 712

7C.4.3. Need and Importance 712

7C.4.4. Usage 712

7C.4.5. Thought Process 713

7C.4.6. Advantages 713

7C.4.7. Disadvantages 713

7C.5. FIELD ENGAGEMENT USING RUBRICS 713

7C.5.1. Meaning and Definition 713

7C.5.2. Qualities 713

7C.5.3. Usability 713

7C.5.4. Types 714

7C.5.5. Importance 715

7C.5.6. Types of Performances that can be Assessed with Rubrics 715

7C.5.7. Advantages of Rubrics 715

7C.5.8. Disadvantages of Rubrics 716

7C.6. COMPETENCY BASED EVALUATION 716

7C.6.1. Meaning and Definition 716

7C.6.2. Principles 716

7C.6.3. Steps 716

7C.6.4. Benefits 717

7C.7. ASSESSMENT OF TEACHER PREPARED ICT **RESOURCES 717** 

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

### 7D. ASSESSMENT IN ANDRAGOGY OF EDUCATION

730-737

- 7D.1. INTRODUCTION TO INTERACTION ANALYSIS 730
- 7D.1.1. Meaning and Definition 730
- 7D.1.2. Objectives 730
- 7D.1.3. Theoretical Assumptions 730
- 7D.2. FLANDERS'S INTERACTION ANALYSIS 731
- 7D.2.1. Overview 731
- 7D.2.2. Characteristics 731
- 7D.2.3. Basic Assumptions 731
- 7D.2.4. Flanders's Interaction Analysis Categories 731
- 7D.2.5. Rules for Observation/Rules for Recording or Decoding 732
- 7D.2.6. Constructing Interaction Matrix 733
- 7D.2.7. Interpretation of the Matrix 733
- 7D.2.8. Advantages 733
- 7D.2.9. Disadvantages 733
- 7D.3. GALLOWAY'S SYSTEM OF INTERACTION ANALYSIS 734
- 7D.3.1. Overview 734
- 7D.3.2. Assumptions 734
- 7D.4. CRITERIA FOR TEACHER EVALUATION 734
- 7D.4.1. Overview 734
- 7D.4.2. History 734
- 7D.4.3. Purpose 735
- 7D.4.4. Criteria 735
- 7D.4.5. Key Components of Performance Appraisal Framework 735
- 7D.5. RUBRICS FOR SELF AND PEER EVALUATION 736
- 7D.5.1. Overview 736
- 7D.5.2. Self-evaluation 736
- 7D.5.3. Peer Evaluation 737
- 7D.5.4. Steps to Create a Rubric 737

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

738-744

### 8. TECHNOLOGY IN/FOR EDUCATION 745-837

### 8A. CONCEPT OF EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY 745-774

- 8A.1. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY 745
- 8A.1.1. Meaning and Definition 745
- 8A.1.2. Characteristics 745
- 8A.1.3. Functions 745
- 8A.1.4. Importance 746
- 8A.2. COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY 746
- 8A.2.1. Meaning and Definition 746
  - 8A.3. INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY 747
- 8A.3.1. Meaning and Definition 747
- 8A.3.2. Components 747
- 8A.3.3. Evolution of ICT in Education 748
- 8A.3.4. Types of Information and Communication Technology 748
- 8A.3.5. Benefits of using Information and Communication Technology 748

- 8A.3.6. Impact of Information and Communication Technology in Society 749
  - 8A.4. INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNOLOGY 751
- 8A.4.1. Meaning and Definition 751
- 8A.4.2. Nature 752
- 8A.4.3. Characteristics 752
- 8A.4.4. Need 752
- 8A.4.5. Advantages 752
- 8A.5. EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY 752
- 8A.5.1. Meaning and Definition 752
- 8A.5.2. Objectives 753
- 8A.5.3. Characteristics 753
- 8A.5.4. Nature 753
- 8A.5.5. Scope 754
- 8A.5.6. Components 754
- 8A.5.7. Factors influencing the Application of Education Technology 755
- 8A.5.8. Aspects 755
- 8A.5.9. Forms 756
- 8A.5.10. Utility 757
- 8A.5.11. Uses 758
- 8A.5.12. Significance 758
- 8A.5.13. Benefits 759
  - 8A.6. APPLICATIONS OF EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY 760
- 8A.6.1. Applications of Educational Technology in Formal Education System 760
- 8A.6.2. Applications of Educational Technology in Non-Formal Education System 760
- 8A.6.3. Applications of Educational Technology in Informal Education System 762
- 8A.6.4. Applications of Educational Technology in Inclusive Education System 763
- 8A.7. PSYCHOLOGICAL THEORIES AND THEIR IMPLICATION TO INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN 764
- 8A.7.1. Behaviourist Perspective 764
- 8A.7.2. Cognitive Perspective 764
- 8A.7.3. Constructivist Perspective 765
- 8A.7.4. Piaget's Theory and Instructional Design 765
- 8A.7.5. Skinner's Theory and Instructional Design 766
- 8A.7.6. Ausubel's Theory and Instructional Design 769
- 8A.7.7. Bruner's Theory & Instructional Design 771
- 8A.7.8. Vygotsky's Theory and Instructional Design 773
- 8A.8. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LEARNING THEORIES AND INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES 774

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

775-780

### 8B. CONCEPT OF INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN 781-806

- 8B.1. INTRODUCTION TO INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN 781
- 8B.1.1. Meaning and Definition 781
- 8B.1.2. Assumptions 782
- 8B.1.3. Types 782
- 8B.2. MODELS OF INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN 783
- 8B.2.1. ADDIE Model 783
- 8B.2.2. ASSURE Model 784

- 8B.2.3. Dick and Carey Instructional Model 785
  - 8B.3. GAGNE'S NINE EVENTS OF INSTRUCTION 786
  - 8B.4. FIVE E'S OF CONSTRUCTIVISM 787
  - 8B.5. ELEMENTS OF CONSTRUCTIVIST INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN 788
  - 8B.6. APPLICATION OF COMPUTERS IN EDUCATION 789
- 8B.6.1. Computer Assisted Instruction (CAI) 789
- 8B.6.2. Computer Assisted Learning (CAL) 789
- 8B.6.3. Computer Based Training (CBT) 790
- 8B.6.4. Computer Managed Learning (CML) 791
- 8B.7. CONCEPT AND PROCESS OF PREPARING OPEN DISTANCE LEARNING MATERIALS (ODLM) 793
- 8B.7.1. Meaning 793
- 8B.7.2. Types 794
- 8B.7.3. Impact of Open Distance Learning Materials 795
- 8B.8. CONCEPT OF E-LEARNING 796
- 8B.8.1. Meaning and Definition 796
- 8B.8.2. Characteristics 797
- 8B.8.3. Types 797
- 8B.8.4. Advantages 797
- 8B.8.5. Disadvantages 797
- 8B.8.6. Difference between Traditional Learning and elearning 798
- 8B.8.7. e-Content 798
- 8B.9. APPROACHES TO E-LEARNING 800
- 8B.9.1. Offline Learning 800
- 8B.9.2. Online Learning 800
- 8B.9.3. Synchronous e-Learning 800
- 8B.9.4. Asynchronous e-Learning 800
- 8B.10. BLENDED LEARNING 800
- 8B.10.1. Meaning and Definition 800
- 8B.10.2. Instructional Philosophy of Blended Learning Design 801
- 8B.10.3. Ingredients of Blended Learning 801
- 8B.10.4. Models of Blended Learning 802
- 8B.10.5. Blended Learning as Pedagogical Strategy 802
- 8B.10.6. Benefits of Blended Learning 803
- 8B.11. MOBILE LEARNING 803
- 8B.11.1. Meaning and Definition 803
- 8B.11.2. Characteristics 804
- 8B.11.3. Basic Elements 804
- 8B.11.4. Advantages 805
- 8B.11.5. Disadvantages 805
- 8B.11.6. Difference between e-Learning and M-Learning 805

### 807-810 811-821

- 8C.1. INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL LEARNING 811
- 8C.1.1. Meaning and Definition 811
- 8C.1.2. Web 2.0 Technology 811
- 8C.1.3. Social Networking Site (SNS) 812

**8C. EMERGING TRENDS IN E-LEARNING** 

8C.1.4. Blog 813

- 8C.1.5. Chat 815
- 8C.1.6. Video Conferencing 815
- 8C.1.7. Discussion Forum 816
- 8C.2. OPEN EDUCATION RESOURCES (OER) 817
- 8C.2.1. Creative Commons 817
- 8C.2.2. Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) 817
- 8C.3. CONCEPT OF e-INCLUSION 818
- 8C.3.1. Meaning 818
- 8C.3.2. Assistive Technology 819
  - 8C.4. OUALITY OF e-LEARNING 819
- 8C.4.1. Meaning 819
- 8C.4.2. Information Systems Success Model 820
- 8C.5. ETHICAL ISSUES FOR e-LEARNER AND e-TEACHER 820

### MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

### 822-825

## **8D. USE OF ICT IN EVALUATION, ADMINISTRATION AND RESEARCH** 826-833

- 8D.1. ICT IN EVALUATION AND ADMINISTRATION 826
- 8D.1.1. Role of Ict For Assessment And Evaluation 826
- 8D.1.2. Role of ICT for Administration 827
- 8D.2. CONCEPT OF E-PORTFOLIOS 829
- 8D.2.1. Meaning and Definition 829
- 8D.2.2. Types 829
- 8D.2.3. Advantages 829
- 8D.3. ICT FOR RESEARCH 830
- 8D.3.1. Online Repositories for Research 831
- 8D.3.2. Online Library or Digital Library 831
- 8D.4. ONLINE AND OFFLINE ASSESSMENT TOOLS 832
- 8D.4.1. Online Assessment 832
- 8D.4.2. Offline Assessment 833

### MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

834-837

## 9. EDUCATIONAL MANAGEMENT, ADMINISTRATION AND LEADERSHIP 938-928

## 9A. EDUCATIONAL MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION 838-864

- 9A.1. INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT 838
- 9A.1.1. Meaning and Definition 838
- 9A.1.2. Characteristics 838
- 9A.1.3. Levels 839
- 9A.1.4. Functions 839
- 9A.2. INTRODUCTION TO EDUCATIONAL MANAGE-MENT 839
- 9A.2.1. Meaning and Definition 839
- 9A.2.2. Objectives 839
- 9A.2.3. Nature 840
- 9A.2.4. Scope 840
- 9A.2.5. Principles 840
- 9A.2.6. Functions 841
- 9A.2.7. Importance 842

- 9A.3. INTRODUCTION TO EDUCATIONAL ADMINIS-TRATION 842
- 9A.3.1. Meaning and Definition 842
- 9A.3.2. Objectives 843
- 9A.3.3. Nature 843
- 9A.3.4. Scope 843
- 9A.3.5. Functions 843
- 9A.3.6. Areas 844
- 9A.3.7. Difference between Educational Administration and Management 844
- 9A.3.8. Difference between Administration and Management 844
- 9A.4. INTRODUCTION TO INSTITUTIONAL PLANNING 845
- 9A.4.1. Meaning and Definition 845
- 9A.4.2. Objectives 845
- 9A.4.3. Characteristics 845
- 9A.4.4. Need and Importance 846
- 9A.4.5. Process 846
- 9A.4.6. Aspects 847
- 9A.4.7. Responsibilities of Different Individuals 847
- 9A.4.8. Areas 848
- 9A.5. PLANNING, ORGANIZING, STAFFING, DIRECTING, COORDINATING, REPORTING AND BUDGETING (POSDCORB) 849
- 9A.5.1. Meaning 849
- 9A.5.2. Advantages 849
- 9A.6. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND REVIEW TECHNIQUE (PERT) 850
- 9A.6.1. Meaning 850
- 9A.6.2. Steps 850
- 9A.6.3. Advantages 850
- 9A.6.4. Disadvantages 850
- 9A.7. CRITICAL PATH METHOD (CPM) 850
- 9A.7.1. Meaning 850
- 9A.7.2. Characteristics 851
- 9A.7.3. Steps 851
- 9A.7.4. Advantages 851
- 9A.8. MANAGEMENT AS A SYSTEM 851
- 9A.8.1. Meaning 851
- 9A.8.2. Characteristics 851
- 9A.8.3. Importance 852
  - 9A.9. SWOT ANALYSIS 852
- 9A.9.1. Meaning 852
- 9A.9.2. Components 852
- 9A.9.3. Factors 852
- 9A.9.4. Aims 852
- 9A.9.5. Advantages 852
- 9A.9.6. Disadvantages 853
- 9A.10. FW TAYLOR'S SCIENTIFIC MANAGEMENT 853
- 9A.10.1. Introduction 853
- 9A.10.2. Principles 853
- 9A.10.3. Outline Structure 853
- 9A.10.4. Merits 854

- 9A.10.5. Criticisms 854
- 9A.11. ADMINISTRATION AS A PROCESS 854
- 9A.12. ADMINISTRATION AS A BUREAUCRACY 8540
- 9A.12.1. Meaning and Definition 854
- 9A.12.2. Max Weber and Concept of Bureaucracy 854
- 9A.12.3. Characteristics of Weber's Bureaucracy 855
- 9A.12.4. Types of Bureaucracy 855
- 9A.12.5. Merits of Bureaucracy 856
- 9A.12.6. Demerits of Bureaucracy 856
- 9A.13. HUMAN RELATIONS APPROACH TO ADMINIS-**TRATION 856**
- 9A.13.1. Overview 956
- 9A.13.2. Human Relations Theory and School Administration
- 9A.13.3. Elton Mayo's Human Relations Approach to Management 857
- 9A.13.4. Essence and Impact of the Human Relations Theory on Educational Administration 858
- 9A.14. ORGANIZATIONAL COMPLIANCE 858
- 9A.14.1. Meaning and Definition 858
- 9A.14.2. Objectives 858
- 9A.14.3. Functions 858
- 9A.14.4. Principles 858
- 9A.14.5. Essentials for Success of Organizational Compliance Programme 859
- 9A.14.6. Limitations in Success of Organizational Compliance Programme 859
- 9A.14.7. Compliance Theory 860
- 9A.15. ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT 860
- 9A.15.1. Meaning and Definition 860
- 9A.15.2. Characteristics 861
- 9A.15.3. Basic Components 861
- 9A.15.4. Models 861
- 9A.15.5. Essentials for the Success of Organizational Development 862
- 9A.16. ORGANIZATIONAL CLIMATE 862
- 9A.16.1. Meaning & Definition 862
- 9A.16.2. Characteristics 863
- 9A.16.3. Factors 863
- 9A.16.4. Impact 863
- 9A.16.5. Dimensions 863
- 9A.16.6. Techniques to Improve 864
- MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

865-871

### 9B. LEADERSHIP IN EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION 872-884

- 9B.1. CONCEPT OF LEADERSHIP 872
- 9B.1.1. Meaning and Definition 872
- 9B.1.2. Characteristics 872
- 9B.1.3. Nature 873
- 9B.1.4. Importance 873
- 9B.1.5. Styles 873
- 9B.1.6. Factors 875
- 9B.1.7. Types of Leader 875

9B.2.3. 9B.2.4. 9B.2.5. 9B.2.6. 9B.2.7. 9B.3. 9B.3.1. 9B.3.2.	Transformational Approach to Leadership Introduction 876 Transactional Approach to Leadership 877 Value based Approach to Leadership 878 Cultural Approach to Leadership 878 Psychodynamic Approach to Leadership 879 Charismatic Approach to Leadership 879 MODELS OF LEADERSHIP 880 Blake and Mouton's Managerial Grid Model 880 Fiedler's Contingency Model 881 Tri Dimensional Model 881	9D.1.2. 9D.1.3. 9D.1.4. 9D.1.5. 9D.2. 9D.3. 9D.3.1. 9D.3.2.	History 909 Challenges 910 Essential Steps for an Effective Change Manageme Process 910 Steps in Planned Change 911 THREE-STEP-MODEL OF CHANGE 911 JAPANESE MODELS OF CHANGE 912 Just-in-Time (JIT) 912 Poka Yoke 913	ent
9B.3.5. 9B.4.	Hursey and Blanchard's Situational Model 882 Leadership-Member Exchange (LMX) Model 883 METHODS OF LEADERSHIP MEASUREMENT 884	9D.4.1. 9D.4.2. 9D.4.3.	COST OF QUALITY 914 Appraisal Costs 914 Prevention Costs 914 Measurement Costs 915	
	LEADERSHIP ASSESSMENT TOOLS 884 E Choice Questions 885-888	l	Failure Costs 915	
	-	l	ANALYSIS OF QUALITY COSTS 916 COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS VS COST EFFECTIV	/E-
9C.1. 9C.1.1. 9C.1.2.	ALITY IN EDUCATION 889-904  CONCEPT OF QUALITY 889  Meaning and Definition 889  Characteristics 889	9D.6.1. 9D.6.2.	NESS ANALYSIS 917 Cost Benefit Analysis 917 Cost Effectiveness Analysis 917 Difference 917	L
9C.1.4. 9C.1.5. 9C.2. 9C.2.1.	Principles 890 Fundamental Factors 890 Approaches 890 QUALITY IN EDUCATION 890 Overview 890 Challenges in Achieving Quality in Education 891	9D.7.1. 9D.7.2.	INDIAN AND INTERNATIONAL QUALITY ASSURANCE AGENCIES 918 National Assessment and Accreditation Coun (NAAC) 918 Quality Council of India (QCI) 921 International Network for Quality Assurance Agenc	ıcil
	EVOLUTION OF QUALITY 892 Inspection 892		in Higher Education (INQAAHE) 922	
9C.3.2.	Quality Control 893	WIULTIPL.	E Choice Questions 924-9	'40
9C.4. 9C.4.1.	Quality Assurance 895 TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT (TQM) 897 Meaning 897 Definition 897	10A. OV	CLUSIVE EDUCATION 929-107  VERVIEW OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION 929-96  INTRODUCTION TO INCLUSIVE EDUCATION 9	60
9C.4.4.	Pillars 897 Elements 898 Benefits 898	10A.1.2. 10A.1.3.	Meaning and Definition 929 Objectives 930 Features 930 Sagra 930	
9C.5.1. 9C.5.2. 9C.5.3.	SIX SIGMA 899 Meaning 899 Characteristics 899 Steps 899	10A.1.5. 10A.1.6. 10A.1.7.	Scope 930 Importance 931 Principles 931 Advantages 931 Challenges 931	
9C.5.5. 9C.5.6.	Principles 899 Factors 900 Total Quality through Six Sigma 900 Six Sigma vs. Total Quality Management (TQM) 900	10A.1.9.	Challenges 931 Inclusive Education in the context of Education I All (EFA) 932 Key Principles for promoting Inclusive Practice 9	
9C.6. 9C.6.1. 9C.6.2.	QUALITY GURUS 901 Walter Shewart 901 Edward Deming 902	10A.2.1.	EVOLUTION OF PHILOSOPHY OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION 935  Special Education 935  Integrated Education 941	VE
	C K Prahalad 903 E Choice Questions 905-908	10A.2.3.	Integrated Education 941 Mainstreaming Education 942 Relationship among Special Education, Integrate	4 - 4

9B.1.8. Qualities of Leader 875

9B.2. APPROACHES TO LEADERSHIP 875

9B 2.1 Trait Approach to Leadership 875

### 909-923 9D. CHANGE MANAGEMENT 9D.1. CONCEPT OF CHANGE MANAGEMENT 909 9D.1.1. Meaning and Definition 909 .2. History 909 .3. Challenges 910 .4. Essential Steps for an Effective Change Management Process 910 .5. Steps in Planned Change 911 .2. THREE-STEP-MODEL OF CHANGE 911 3. JAPANESE MODELS OF CHANGE 912 .1. Just-in-Time (JIT) 912 .2. Poka Yoke 913 4. COST OF QUALITY 914 .1. Appraisal Costs 914 .2. Prevention Costs 914 .3. Measurement Costs 915 .4. Failure Costs 915 5. ANALYSIS OF QUALITY COSTS 916 .6. COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS VS COST EFFECTIVE-**NESS ANALYSIS 917** .1. Cost Benefit Analysis 917 .2. Cost Effectiveness Analysis 917 .3. Difference 917 .7. INDIAN AND INTERNATIONAL QUALITY **ASSURANCE AGENCIES 918** .1. National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) 918 .2. Quality Council of India (QCI) 921 3. International Network for Quality Assurance Agencies in Higher Education (INQAAHE) 922 IPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS 924-928 NCLUSIVE EDUCATION 929-1076 OVERVIEW OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION 929-960 1. INTRODUCTION TO INCLUSIVE EDUCATION 929 .1. Meaning and Definition 929 .2. Objectives 930 .3. Features 930 .4. Scope 930 .5. Importance 931 .6. Principles 931 .7. Advantages 931 .8. Challenges 931 .9. Inclusive Education in the context of Education For All (EFA) 932 10. Key Principles for promoting Inclusive Practice 935 2. EVOLUTION OF PHILOSOPHY OF INCLUSIVE

Education and Inclusive Education 944

- 10A.2.5. Comparison among Special Education, Integrated Education and Inclusive Education 945
- 10A.3. LEGAL PROVISIONS—POLICIES AND LEGIS-LATIONS 945
- 10A.3.1. Legal Frameworks in Support of Inclusion 945
- 10A.3.2. National Policy and Legislative Frameworks 948
- 10A.4. CONCESSION AND FACILITIES TO DIVERSE LEARNERS 953
- 10A.5. REHABILITATION COUNCIL OF INDIA ACT (1992) 954
- 10A.5.1. Overview 954
- 10A.5.2. Objectives 954
- 10A.6. SARVA SHIKSHA ABHIYAN (2000-01) 955
- 10A.7. UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (UNCRPD) 955
- 10A.7.1. Overview 955
- 10A.7.2. Features 956
- 10A.7.3. Articles 957

961-965

## 10B. OVERVIEW OF IMPAIRMENT, DISABILITY AND HANDICAP 966-999

- 10B.1. INTRODUCTION TO IMPAIRMENT, DISABILITY AND HANDICAP 966
- 10B.2. CLASSIFICATION OF DISABILITIES BASED ON ICF MODEL 966
- 10B.2.1. Overview 966
- 10B.2.2. Aims 967
- 10B.2.3. Principles 967
- 10B.2.4. Model 967
- 10B.2.5. Components 967
- 10B.3. PREPARATION FOR INCLUSIVE EDUCATION-SCHOOL READINESS FOR ADDRESSING LEARNER WITH DIVERSE NEEDS 968
- 10B.3.1. Overview 968
- 10B.3.2. Recommendations of National Focus Group on Education of Children with Special Needs 969
- 10B.3.3. School Readiness for Children with Special Needs 970
- 10B.3.4. Factors related School Readiness 971
- 10B.4. MODELS OF INCLUSION 971
- 10B.5. UNDERSTANDING DIFFERENTLY ABLED LEARNERS 972
- 10B.5.1. Visual Impairment (VI) 972
- 10B.5.2. Hearing Impairment (HI) 976
- 10B.5.3. Mental Retardation (MR) 978
- 10B.5.4. Specific Learning Disability (SLD) 983
- 10B.5.5. Language Impairment (LI) 987
- 10B.5.6. Locomotor Impairment (LI) 988
- 10B.6. EDUCATIONAL EVALUATION METHODS, TECHNIQUES AND TOOLS 990
- 10B.6.1. Case History 990
- 10B.6.2. Assessment of Children with Diverse Needs 991
- 10B.6.3. Assessment for Identification 992

10B.6.4. Assessment Tools used for Children with Diverse Needs 992

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1000-1006

## 10C. PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT OF INCLUSIVE CLASSROOMS 1007-1060

- 10C.1. INCLUSION IN OPERATION 1007
- 10C.1.1. Overview 1007
- 10C.1.2. Identification of Children with Special Needs 1007
- 10C.1.3. Assessment of Children with Special Needs 1007
- 10C.1.4. Selection of Students for Inclusion Programs in Schools 1008
- 10C.2. CLASSROOM MANAGEMENT AND ORGANI-ZATIONS 1008
- 10C.2.1. Overview 1008
- 10C.2.2. Classification of Students and Educational Practices 1009
- 10C.2.3. Classroom Practices for teaching Children with Special Educational Needs 1009
- 10C.2.4. Alternatives to Inclusion Programs: School Procedures and Community Development 1011
- 10C.2.5. Factors for developing Inclusive Practice in the Classroom 1011
- 10C.2.6. Behavioural Expectation from the Students 1012
- 10C.2.7. Creating an Inclusive Classroom 1012
- 10C.2.8. Common Practices in Inclusive Classroom 1014
- 10C.2.9. Positive Effects of Inclusion in Regular Classrooms 1015
- 10C.2.10. Implications for Classroom Teaching Including Multi-Grade Classroom and Single-Teacher School 1015
- 10C.2.11. Role of a Regular Classroom Teacher for Inclusion 1016
- 10C.3. CURRICULUM ADAPTATION 1017
- 10C.3.1. Overview 1017
- 10C.3.2. Adaptation of Curriculum to meet the Needs of CWSN 1017
- 10C.3.3. Curricular Adaptation—Omission, Sub-stitution, Expansion 1017
- 10C.3.4. Emerging Issues and Curricular Concerns 1018
- 10C.3.5. Planning and Managing an Inclusive Curriculum in Schools 1018
- 10C.3.6. Access to an Inclusive Curriculum 1018
- 10C.3.7. Recommendation of NCERT regarding Curriculum Issues for Inclusive Education 1018
- 10C.3.8. Adaptation of Evaluation Methods for CWSN 1019
- 10C.3.9. Types of Strategy Instruction of Curriculum 1020
- 10.C.3.10. Adaptation of Integrating Strategy Instruction into the Curriculum for Inclusive Education 1020
- 10C.4. LEARNING DESIGNING 1020
- 10C.4.1. Overview 1020
- 10C.4.2. Features of learning designing for Inclusive Setup 1020
- 10C.4.3. Principles of Universal Design of Learning 1021
- 10C.4.4. Matrix of Learning Design 1022
- 10C.4.5. Multiple ways to engage children in diverse Classroom 1023

- 10C.4.6. Guidelines & Strategies for Differentiated Learning 1023
- 10C.4.7. Factors Affecting Learning Design 1023
- 10C.4.8. Principles of Inclusive Learning-Teaching Strategy 1024
- 10C.5. TEACHING-LEARNING MATERIALS (TLM) 1024
- 10C.5.1. Overview 1024
- 10C.5.2. Precautions of using Teaching-Learning Materials (TLM) 1025
- 10C.5.3. Tips to remember while using Instructional Materials for a Child with Visual Impairment 1025
- 10C.5.4. Tips to remember while using Instructional Materials for a Child with Hearing Impairment 1025
- 10C.5.5. Tips to remember while using Instructional Materials for a Child with Intellectual Impairment 1025
- 10C.5.6. School Equipments for Children with Special Needs 1026
- 10C.6. PEDAGOGICAL STRATEGIES TO RESPOND TO INDIVIDUAL NEEDS OF STUDENTS 1026
- 10C.6.1. Overview 1026
- 10C.6.2. Diverse Learning Styles in Classroom 1027
- 10C.6.3. Teaching Approaches for Different Learning Styles 1027
- 10C.6.4. Roles of Teachers in an Inclusive Classroom 1028
- 10C.6.5. Principles of Teaching Strategies for Children with Special Needs 1028
- 10C.6.6. Implications of Teaching Style 1028
- 10C.6.7. Various Types of Teaching Strategies 1028
  - 10C.7. STRATEGIES FOR TEACHING CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS 1042
- 10C.7.1. Overview 1042
- 10C.7.2. Strategies for Children with Visual Impairment 1042
- 10C.7.3. Strategies for Children with Hearing Impairment 1043
- 10C.7.4. Strategies for Children with Mental Retardation 1045
- 10C.7.5. Strategies for Children with Ortho-pedically Handicapped Children 1047

- 10C.7.6. Strategies for Gifted Children 1047
- 10C.7.7. Strategies for Creative Children 1050
- 10C.7.8. Strategies for Learning Disabled Children 1052
- 10C.7.9. Strategies for Juvenile Delinquents Children 1053
- 10C.8. TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANCEMENT AND ITS APPLICATIONS 1054
- 10C.8.1. Overview 1054
- 10C.8.2. ICT in Education for Children with Special Needs 1054
- 10C.8.3. Computer and Technology Assisted Instruction 1054
- 10C.8.4. Role of ICTs in Inclusive Education 1055
- 10C.8.5. Benefits of ICT Use in Education for People with Special Educational Needs 1055
- 10C.8.6. Assistive Technology 1056
- 10C.8.7. Adaptive Technology 1060

1066-1071

## 10D. BARRIERS AND FACILITATORS IN INCLUSIVE EDUCATION 1066

- 10D.1. BARRIERS AND FACILITATORS 1066
- 10D.1.1. Overview 1066
- 10D.1.2. School Related Factors Influencing Inclusion 1066
- 10D.1.3. Teacher, Pupil Related Factors Influencing Inclusion
- 10D.1.4. Socio-cultural Related Factors Influencing Inclusion 1068
- 10D.2. CURRENT STATUS OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION IN INDIA 1069
- 10D.3. ETHICAL ISSUES OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION IN INDIA 1071
- 10D.4. CURRENT TRENDS IN RESEARCH IN INCLUSIVE EDUCATION 1071

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1072-1076

REFERENCES